

# LIST OF PHARAOHS



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This Pdf contains List of Pharaohs from Menes upto Ptolemy XV .

This Pdf is written by collecting information from various sources available on the internet.

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## **1. Introduction :**

In this pdf we are first going to list names of all the Pharaohs which have ruled Egypt starting from Menes. These Pharaohs may not be in blood line or relatives of Menes and have have been appointed as a governor or caretaker of Egypt.

There is a difference of opinion between researchers between Menes and Narmar, but I am considering research of Lieutenant Colonel Laurence Austine Waddell and taking Menes as father of Narmar.

In the third chapter Family of Pharaohs I will try to connect from the First Dynasty of Egypt only those Kings who are in the bloodline of Menes and were King of Egypt. It is possible that mistakes can be there in the bloodline of Pharaohs hence, readers are requested to carefully read the given information.

## **2. List of Pharaohs :**

### **1. First Dynasty :**

The First Dynasty ruled from approximately 3050 BC to 2890 BC, by some chronological schemes. (There are no precise or agreed-upon year dates for any of the Old or Middle Kingdom periods, and reign estimates differ widely from one Egyptologist to the next.)

1. Narmer Believed to be the same person as Menes and to have unified Upper and Lower Egypt.
2. Hor-Aha - c. 3050 BC
3. Djer - 41 years
4. Djet - 23 years
5. Merneith Regent for Den
6. Den - 14 to 20.1 years
7. Anedjib - 10 years
8. Semerkhet - 9 years
9. Qa'a - 2916?-2890 BC

### **2. Second Dynasty :**

The Second Dynasty ruled c. 2890 — 2686 BC.

1. Hotepsekhemwy - 38 years

2. Raneb - 39 years
3. Nynetjer - 40 years
4. Wneg - 8 years
5. Senedj - 20 years
6. Seth-Peribsen - 17 years
7. Sekhemib-Perenmaat -
8. Khasekhem(wy) ?-2686 BC 17 to 18 years

### **3. Third Dynasty :**

The Third Dynasty ruled from 2686 to 2613 BC.

1. Djoser - 2668-2649
2. Sekhemkhet - 2649-2643
3. Sanakhte - 2686-2668
4. Khaba - 2643-2637
5. Huni - 2637-2613

### **4. Fourth Dynasty :**

The Fourth Dynasty ruled from 2613 to 2498 BC and included the pharaohs who had the Great Pyramids built, Khufu (Cheops), Khafra (Chephren) and Menkaura (Mycerinus).

1. Sneferu - 2613-2589
2. Khufu - 2589-2566
3. Djedefra (Radjedef) - 2558-2532
4. Khafre
5. possibly Bikheris
6. Menkaura / Mycerinus - 2532-2503
7. Shepseskaf - 2503-2498
8. Djedefpta

9. possibly Thampthis

## **5. Fifth Dynasty :**

The Fifth Dynasty ruled from 2498 to 2345 BC.

1. Userkaf - 2498-2491
2. Sahure - 2490-2477
3. Neferirkare Kakai - 2477-2467
4. Shepseskare Isi - 2467-2460
5. Neferefre - 2460-2425
6. Nyuserre Ini - 2425-2422
7. Menkauhor Kaiu - 2422-2414
8. Djedkare Isesi - 2414-2375
9. Unas - 2375-2345

## **6. Sixth Dynasty :**

The Sixth Dynasty ruled from 2345 to 2181 BC.

1. Teti - 2345-2333
2. Userkare - 2333-2332
3. Meryre Pepi I - 2332-2283
4. Merenre Nemtyemsaf I - 2283-2278
5. Neferkare Pepi II - 2278-2224
6. Neferka - 2200-2199
7. Nefer - 2197-2193
8. Possibly Aba - 2193-2176
9. Unknown king
10. Possibly Merenre Nemtyemsaf II - 2184

11. Neitiqerty Siptah - 2184-2181

## **7. Seventh and Eighth Dynasties (combined) :**

The Seventh and Eighth Dynasties ruled from 2181 to 2160 BC. (This table is based on the Abydos Table from the Temple of Seti I, taken from [www.narmer.pl/main/abydos\\_en.html](http://www.narmer.pl/main/abydos_en.html)) These profiles are placed into a disconnected familial tree, but there is absolutely no proof of relation between the majority of them.

1. Neferkare I -
2. Netjerkare -
3. Menkare -
4. Neferkare II -
5. Neferkare III Nebi -
6. Djedkara Shemai -
7. Neferkare IV Khendu -
8. Possibly Merenhor
9. Neferkamin Seneferka -
10. Nikara -
11. Neferkare V Tereru -
12. Neferkahor -
13. Neferkare VI Pepyseneb -
14. Neferkamin Anu -
15. Qakare Ibi - 2169-2167
16. Neferkara II - 2167-2163
17. Neferkawhor Khuwihap - 2163-2161
18. Neferirkara - 2161-2160

## **9. Ninth Dynasty :**

The Ninth Dynasty ruled from 2160 to 2130 BC. The Turin King List has 18 kings reigning in the Ninth and Tenth Dynasties. Of these, twelve names are missing and four are partial.

1. Achthoes - 2160-?
2. Unknown King
3. Neferkare III - ?
4. Khety (Acthoses II) - ?
5. Senenh— or Setut - ?
6. Unknown King
7. Meribre Khety - ?
8. Shed... - ?
9. H... - ?

## **10. Tenth Dynasty :**

The Tenth Dynasty was a local group that held sway over Lower Egypt that ruled from 2130 to 2040 BC.

1. Meryhathor - 2130- ?
2. Neferkare IV - ?
3. Wankare (Acthoses III) - ?
4. Merykare - ? -2040

## **11. Eleventh Dynasty :**

The Eleventh Dynasty was a local group with roots in Upper Egypt that ruled from 2134 to 1991 BC.

1. Mentuhotep I Tepy-a -
2. Sehertawy Intef I - 2134-2117
3. Wahankh Intef II - 2117-2069
4. Nakhtnebtpefer Intef III - 2069-2060

## **Eleventh Dynasty :**

The second part of the Eleventh Dynasty is considered to be part of the Middle Kingdom of Egypt.

1. Nebhetepre Mentuhotep II -
2. Sankhkare Mentuhotep III - 2010-1998
3. Nebtawyre Mentuhotep IV - 1997-1991

## **12. Twelfth Dynasty :**

The Twelfth Dynasty ruled from 1991 to 1802 BC, and is considered by later Egyptians to have been their greatest dynasty.

1. Sehetepibre Amenemhat I - 1991-1962
2. Kheperkare Senusret I (Sesostris I) - 1971-1926
3. Nubkaure Amenemhat II - 1929-1895
4. Khakheperre Senusret II (Sesostris II) - 1897-1878
5. Khakaure Senusret III (Sesostris III) - 1878-1860
6. Nimaatre Amenemhat III - 1860-1815
7. Maakherure Amenemhat IV - 1815-1807
8. Sobekkare Sobekneferu - A rare female ruler. 1807-1802

## **13. Thirteenth Dynasty :**

The Thirteenth Dynasty (following the Turin King List) ruled from 1802 to around 1649 BC and lasted 153 or 154 Yrs according to Manetho. This table should be contrasted with Known kings of the 13<sup>th</sup> Dynasty.

1. Sekhemre Khutawy Sobekhotep or Wegaf - 1802-1799
2. Sekhemkare Amenemhat V Senebef - 3 years
3. Amenemhat - 1795-1792
4. Sehetepre - ?-1790
5. Iufni - ?



6. Seankhibre - ?
7. Semenkare - ?
8. Sehetepre - ?
9. Sewadjkare - ?
10. Nedjemibre - 7 months
11. Khaankhre Sobekhotep I - ?
12. Renseneb - 1775
13. Awybre Hor I? - c. 1775?
14. Sedjefakare - 5 to 7 yrs.
15. Sekhemre Khutawy Sobekhotep Compare Wegaf - c. 1767
16. Khendjer - Minimum 4 yrs and 3 months c. 1765
17. Imyremeshaw - ?
18. Antef V - ?
19. Sekhemresewadjtawy Sobekhotep III - 4 years and 2 months c. 1755
20. Khasekhemre Neferhotep I - 1751-1740
21. Khaneferre Sobekhotep IV - 1740-1730
22. Khahotepre Sobekhotep V - c. 1730
23. Wahibre Ibiau - 1725-1714
24. Merneferre Ay - 1714-1691
25. Merhotepre Ini - 2 years & 2 months
26. Sankhenre Sewadjtu - ?
27. Mersekhemre Ini - ?
28. Sewadjkare Hori - ?

**The position of the following kings is uncertain :**

1. Dedumose I - c. 1654
2. Dedumose II - ?
3. Senebmiu - ?
4. Mentuhotep V - ?
5. Senaib - ?

**14. Fourteenth Dynasty :**

The Fourteenth Dynasty was a local group from the eastern Delta, based at Xoïs, that ruled from around 1705 to around 1690 BC.

1. Nehesy - c. 1705
2. Khakherewre - ?
3. Nebefawre - c. 1704
4. Sehebre - ?
5. Merdjefare - c. 1699
6. Sewadjkare - ?
7. Nebdjefare - c. 1694
8. Webenre - ?
9. Unknown King - ?
10. Djefare? - ?
11. Webenre - c. 1690

**The position of the following pharaohs are uncertain :**

1. Maaibre Sheshi -
2. Yakubher - ?

The Turin King List provides an additional 25 names, some fragmentary, and no dates. None are attested to elsewhere, and all are of very dubious provenance.

## **15. Fifteenth Dynasty :**

The Fifteenth Dynasty arose from among the Hyksos people who emerged out of the Fertile Crescent to establish a short-lived governance over much of the Nile region, and ruled from 1674 to 1535 BC.

1. Salitis
2. Sakir-Har -
3. Khyan - 30-40 Years
4. Apepi - 40 Years or more
5. Khamudi - 1555-1544

## **16. Sixteenth Dynasty :**

The Sixteenth Dynasty was a local native kingdom from Thebes who ruled Egypt for between 80 and 100 years, according to Kim Ryholt.

1. Unknown King - lost from the Turin King List
2. Sekhemre Sementawi Djehuti - 3 yrs
3. Sobekhotep VIII (Sekhemreseusertawy) - 16 yrs
4. Neferhotep III (Sekhemresankhtawy) - 1 yr
5. Mentuhotep VI (Sankhenre) - 1 yr
6. Nebiriau I (Sewadjenre) - 26 yrs
7. Nebiriau II - ?
8. Semenre - ?
9. Bebiankh (Seuserenre) - 12 yrs
10. (Sekhemre Shedwast) -
11. Unknown King - lost from the Turin King List
12. Unknown King - lost from the Turin King List
13. Unknown King - lost from the Turin King List
14. Unknown King - lost from the Turin King List

15. Unknown King - lost from the Turin King List

Some sources include as many as six more names -

**17. Seventeenth Dynasty :**

The Seventeenth Dynasty was based in Upper Egypt and ruled from 1650 to 1550 BC.

1. Sekhemrewahkhaw Rahotep - c. 1620 BC
2. Sekhemre Wadjkhaw Sobekemsaf I - Reigned at least 7 years
3. Sekhemre Shedtawy Sobekemsaf II -
4. Sekhemre-Wepmaat Intef -
5. Nubkheperre Intef - Reigned more than 3 years
6. Sekhemre-Heruhirmaat Intef -
7. Senakhtenre Ahmose - c. 1558
8. Seqenenre Tao - 1558-1554
9. Kamose - 1554-1549

**18. Eighteenth Dynasty :**

The Eighteenth Dynasty ruled from c. 1550 to 1292 BC.

1. Nebpehtire Ahmose I - c.1550-1525 BCE
2. Djeserkare Amenhotep I - 1541-1520
3. Aakheperkare Thutmose I - 1520-1492
4. Aakheperenre Thutmose II - 1492-1479
5. Menkheperre Thutmose III - 1479-1425
6. Maatkare Hatshepsut, a rare female ruler - 1473-1458
7. Aakheperure Amenhotep II - 1425-1400
8. Menkheperure Thutmose IV - 1400-1390
9. Nebmaatre Amenhotep III - 1390-1352

10. Neferkheperure-waenre Amenhotep IV/Akhenaten - 1352-1334
11. Ankhkheperure Smenkhkare (Co-regent and successor of Akhenaten. The identity of this individual is uncertain and disputed. Usually believed to be either a son or son-in-law of Akhenaten but sometimes identified as Akhenaten's wife Nefertiti. Other scholars distinguish two individuals between Akhenaten and Tutankhamun, namely Smenkhkare, who is then seen as male, and a female ruler, who is then most often identified as Akhenaten's eldest daughter Meritaten) - 1334-1333
12. Nebkheperure Tutankhaten/Tutankhamun - 1333-1324
13. Kheperkheperure Ay - 1324-1320
14. Djoserkheperure-setpenre Horemheb - 1320-1292

### **19. Nineteenth Dynasty :**

The Nineteenth Dynasty ruled from 1292 to 1186 BC and includes one of the greatest pharaohs: Rameses II the Great.

1. Menpehtire Ramesses I - 1292-1290
2. Menmaatre Seti I - 1290-1279
3. Usermaatre-setpenre Ramesses II - 1279-1213
4. Banenre Merenptah - 1213-1203
5. Menmire-setpenre Amenmesse - 1203-1200
6. Userkheperure Seti II - 1203-1197
7. Sekhaenre/Akhenre Merenptah Siptah - 1197-1191
8. Satre-merenamun Tausret / Tawosret, A rare female ruler - 1191-1190

### **20. Twentieth Dynasty :**

The Twentieth Dynasty ruled from 1190 to 1077 BC.

1. Userkhaure Setnakht - 1190-1186
2. Usermaatre-meryamun Ramesses III - 1186-1155
3. User/Heqamaatre-setpenamun Ramesses IV - 1155-1149
4. Usermaatre-sekheperenre Ramesses V - 1149-1145

5. Nebmaatre-meryamun Ramesses VI - 1145-1137
6. Usermaatre-setpenre-meryamun Ramesses VII - 1137-1130
7. Usermaatre-akhenamun Ramesses VIII - 1130-1129
8. Neferkare-setpenre Ramesses IX - 1129-1111
9. Khepermaatre-setpenptah Ramesses X - 1111-1107
10. Menmaatre-setpenptah Ramesses XI - 1107-1077

## **21. Twenty-First Dynasty :**

The Twenty-First Dynasty was based at Tanis and was a relatively weak group. Theoretically, they were rulers of all Egypt, but in practice their influence was limited to Lower Egypt. They ruled from 1069 to 943 BC.

1. Hedjkheperre-setpenre Nesbanebdjed Also known as Smendes I - 1077-1051
2. Neferkare Heqawaset Amenemnisu - 1051-1047
3. Aakheperre Pasebakhenniut I (Psusennes I) - 1047-1001
4. Usermaatre Amenemope - 1001-992
5. Aakheperre Setepenre Osorkon (Osorkon the Elder) - 992-986
6. Netjerikheperre-setpenamun Siamun-meryamun - 986-967
7. Titkheperure Pasebakhenniut II (Psusennes II) - 967-943

## **22. Twenty-Second Dynasty :**

The pharaohs of the Twenty-Second Dynasty were Libyans, ruling from around 943 to 720 BC.  
Name Image Comments Dates.

1. Hedjkheperre-setepenre Shoshenq I - 943-922
2. Sekhemkheperre Osorkon I - 922-887
3. Heqakheperre Shoshenq II - 887-885
4. Takelot I - 885-872
5. Hedjkheperre Harsiese A - 880-860
6. Usermaatre-setepenamun Osorkon II - 872-837

7. Usermaatse-setepenre Shoshenq III - 837-798
8. Shoshenq IV - 798-785
9. Usermaatse-setepenre Pami - 785-778
10. Aakheperre Shoshenq V - 778-740
11. Aakheperre-setepenamun Osorkon IV - 740-720

### **23. Twenty-Third Dynasty :**

The Twenty-Third Dynasty was a local group, again of Libyan origin, based at Herakleopolis and Thebes that ruled from 837 to c.735 BC.

1. Hedjkheperre-setepenre Takelot II Previously thought to be a 22<sup>nd</sup> Dynasty pharaoh, he is now known to be the founder of the 23<sup>rd</sup> 837-813
2. Usermaatse-setepenamun Pedubast A - 826-801
3. Usermaatse-setepenamun Iuput I - 812-811
4. Usermaatse Shoshenq VI - 801-795
5. Usermaatse-setepenamun Osorkon III - 795-767
6. Usermaatse-setepenamun Takelot III - 773-765
7. Usermaatse-setepenamun Rudamun - 765-762

### **The Libu :**

Not recognised as a dynasty as such, the Libu were yet another group of western nomads (Libyans) who occupied the western Delta from 805 to 732 BC.

1. Inamunnifnebu - 805-795
2. Unknown King - 795-780
3. Niumateped - 780-755
4. Titaru - 763-755
5. Ker - 755-750
6. Rudamon - 750-745
7. Ankhor - 745-736

8. Tefnakht - 736-732

#### **24. Twenty-Fourth Dynasty :**

The Twenty-fourth Dynasty was a short-lived rival dynasty located in the western Delta (Sais), with only two Pharaoh ruling from 732 to 720 BC.

1. Shepsesre Tefnakhte - 732-725
2. Wahkare Bakenrenef (Bocchoris) - 725-720

#### **25. Twenty-fifth Dynasty :**

Nubians invaded Egypt in 732 BC and took the throne of Egypt, establishing the Twenty-fifth Dynasty which ruled until 656 BC.

1. Usermaatre Piye King of Nubia - 747-716
2. Neferkare Shabaka - 716-702
3. Djedkaure Shebitku - 702-690
4. Khuinfertemre Taharqa - 690-664
5. Bakare Tantamani - 664-653

#### **26. Twenty-sixth Dynasty :**

The Twenty-sixth Dynasty ruled from around 672 to 525 BC.

1. Menkheperre Nekau I (Necho I) - 672-664 BC
2. Wahibre Psamtik I (Psammetichus I) - 664-610 BC
3. Wehemibre Necho II (Necho II) - 610-595 BC
4. Neferibre Psamtik II (Psammetichus II) - 595-589 BC
5. Haaibre Wahibre (Apries) - 589-570 BC
6. Khnemibre Ahmose II (Amasis) - 570-526 BC
7. Ankhkaenre Psamtik III (Psammetichus III) - 526-525 BC



## **27. Twenty-seventh Dynasty :**

Egypt was conquered by the Persian Empire in 525 BC and annexed by the Persians until 404 BC. The Achaemenid shahs were acknowledged as pharaohs in this era, forming a "Twenty-seventh" Dynasty.

1. Metsuire Cambyses (Cambyses II) 525-521 BC
2. Smerdis (Bardiya) - 522-521 BC
3. Setutre Darius I the Great - 521-486 BC
4. Xerxes I the Great - 486-465 BC
5. Artabanus the Hyrcanian - 465-464 BC
6. Artaxerxes I Longhand - 464-424 BC
7. Xerxes II - 424-423 BC
8. Sogdianus - 424-423 BC
9. Darius II - 424-404 BC

## **28. Twenty-eighth Dynasty :**

The Twenty-eighth Dynasty lasted only 6 years, from 404 to 398 BC, with one Pharaoh.

1. Amyrtaeus - 404-398 BC

## **29. Twenty-ninth Dynasty**

The Twenty-ninth Dynasty ruled from 398 to 380 BC.

1. Baenre Nefaarud I / Nepherites - 398-393 BC
2. Psammuthes - 393 BC
3. Khenemmaatre Hakor (Achoris) - 393-380 BC
4. Nefaarud II - 380 BC

## **30. Thirtieth Dynasty :**

The Thirtieth Dynasty ruled from 380 until Egypt once more came under Persian rule in 343 BC.

1. Kheperkare Nekhtnebef (Nectanebo I) / Nekhtnebef 380-362 BC

2. Irimaatenre Djedher (Teos) - 362-360 BC
3. Senedjemibre Nakhthorhebyt (Nectanebo II) - 360-343 BC

### **31. Thirty-first Dynasty :**

Egypt again came under the control of the Achaemenid Persians. After the practice of Manetho, the Persian rulers from 343 to 332 BC are occasionally designated as Thirty-first Dynasty.

1. Artaxerxes III - 343-338 BC
2. Artaxerxes IV Arses - 338-336 BC
3. Khababash - 338-335 BC
4. Darius III - 336-332 BC

### **Argead Dynasty :**

The Macedonians under Alexander the Great ushered in the Hellenistic period with his conquest of Persia and Egypt. The Argeads ruled from 332 to 309 BC.

1. Setepenre-meryamun Alexander III (Alexander the Great) - 332-323 BC
2. Philip III Arrhidaeus - 323-317 BC
3. Haaibre Alexander IV - 317-309 BC

### **Ptolemaic Dynasty :**

The second Hellenistic dynasty, the Ptolemies ruled Egypt from 305 BC until Egypt became a province of Rome in 30 BC (whenever two dates overlap, that means there was a co-regency). The most famous member of this dynasty was Cleopatra VII, who in modern times is known simply as Cleopatra, and who had affairs with Mark Antony and Julius Caesar.

1. Ptolemy I Soter (Setepenre-meryamun Ptolemy) - 305-285 BC
2. Berenice I - ?-285 BC
3. Ptolemy II Philadelphos (Weserkare-meryamun Ptolemy) - 288-246 BC
4. Arsinoe I - 284/81-ca. 274 BC
5. Arsinoe II - 277-270 BC
6. Ptolemy III Euergetes I - 246-222 BC
7. Berenice II - 244/3-222 BC

8. Ptolemy IV Philopator - 222-204 BC
9. Arsinoe III - 220-204 BC
10. Hugronaphor - 205-199 BC
11. Ankhmakis - 199-185 BC
12. Ptolemy V Epiphanes - 204-180 BC
13. Cleopatra I (co-regent with Ptolemy VI during his minority) - 193-176 BC
14. Ptolemy VI Philometor - BC 180-164 BC
15. Cleopatra II - 173-164 BC
16. Ptolemy VIII Euergetes II (ruled jointly with Ptolemy VI Philometor and Cleopatra II from 169 to 164 BC.) - 171-163 BC
17. Ptolemy VI Philometor - 163-145 BC
18. Cleopatra II - 163-127 BC
19. Ptolemy VII Neos Philopator (Proclaimed co-ruler by father; later ruled under regency of his mother Cleopatra II) - 145-144 BC
20. Ptolemy VIII Euergetes II - 145-131 BC
21. Cleopatra III - 142-131 BC
22. Ptolemy Memphitis - 131 BC
23. Ptolemy VIII Euergetes II - 127-116 BC
24. Cleopatra III (later co-regent with Ptolemy IX and X) - 127-107 BC
25. Cleopatra II (co-ruled with Cleopatra III and Ptolemy until 116) - 124-116 BC
26. Ptolemy IX Soter II - 116-110 BC
27. Cleopatra IV - 116-115 BC
28. Ptolemy X Alexander I - 110-109 BC
29. Berenice III - 81-80 BC
30. Ptolemy XI Alexander II - 80 BC

31. Ptolemy XII Neos Dionysos (Auletes) - 80-58 BC
32. Cleopatra V Tryphaena - 79-68 BC
33. Cleopatra VI - 58-57 BC
34. Berenice IV (Joint rule with Cleopatra VI until 57 BC) - 58-55 BC
35. Ptolemy XII Neos Dionysos (reigned briefly with his daughter Cleopatra VII before his death) - 55-51 BC
36. Cleopatra VII (Jointly with her father Ptolemy XII, her brother Ptolemy XIII, her brother-husband Ptolemy XIV, and her son Ptolemy XV) - 51-30 BC
37. Ptolemy XIII - 51-47 BC
38. Arsinoe IV - 48-47 BC
39. Ptolemy XIV - 47-44 BC
40. Ptolemy XV (aged 3 when proclaimed co-ruler with Cleopatra) - 44-30 BC

**Source :**

<https://www.geni.com/projects/Pharaohs-of-Egypt/395>

### 3. Family of Pharaohs :

#### 1. Menes :

**Great Great Great Grandfather :** Angiras / Ali

**Great Great Grandfather :** Ucathya / Alf

**Great Great Grandmother :** Mamta

**Great Grandfather :** Dirghtamas / Damuzi

**Great Grandmother :** Fiorgn / Hledi

**Grandfather :** Indra / Gis'zax

**Grandmother :** Paushtih and Inanna

**Father :** Sargon

**Mother :** Acchuraseni / Keshini / Europa

**Son :** Hor-Aha / Aha / Narmar / Naram Sin / Vishva-Saha

**Reign of Menes :** c. 3200–3000 BC (First Dynasty)

#### a. Different names of Menes :

Aha Men / Aha or Akha Mena / Aha-Manish / Aha-Manj / Aha-Mena / Asa Manja / Ha-(?) Manish or Danish / Ha-Danish / Ishshib-ash Dakhu or Dagan / Kutir ash Takh-khu-un nun-gal / Man / Manasyu / Manis / Manish-Dussu / Manish-Duzzu / Manish-Tussu / Manisi / Manis-Tisshu / Manis-Tusu / Mani-Tussi / Manj / Manjas / Mansa / Mansh / Manshu / Manus-Tusu / Mayin / Men / Mena / Minash / Minos / Mino-Taur / Nahhunte and Tusu-Mena.

Aha or Akha means "The Warrior" and is applied before Menes names.

#### b. Different Title of Menes :

Asa Manja means "Manja the Shooter" / Bara / Gut or Goth is also title used by Menes / Ishshib i.e. Incanting (chant or intone) Priest / Kat or Kad / Khattiyo / Kutir / Manas-the-Uniter / Manis-the-Warrior (Manis-Tussa) / Manja-the-Shooter (Asa-Manja) / Manj-the-Warrior (Aha-Manj) / Nun-gal or Great Sea-lord and Para or Pharaoh (Prabhu).

HA-(?) Manish or Danish of Khama-si Land = Aha Manj or Manis-Tusu son of Sargon.

**c. Countries ruled by Menes :**

King of Kish, Egypt (oldest traditional name Kham or Ham), Agdu, Agadu or Agade Land, Governor of Eden (Eden of Indus), Anshan i.e. Persia, Arabian Sea-Lands, Arabian Coast and Red Sea to Sinai, Mesopotamia, Elam, Baluchistan and Mekran, Oman or Ormuz, India to Persepolis, Magan i.e. a name for the Sinai Peninsula located at east of Suez, Babylonia, Kish and Governor of Elam.

**d. Cenopath (Empty Tomb) of Menes Located in :**

Abydos in Upper Egypt.

**e. Place of Death :**

Urani Land which is Erin (Ireland).

**2. Narmar :**

**Father :** Menes

**Son :** Shar-Guni / Dilip / Khatvanga and Djer

**Regin of Narmar :** c. 3050 BC (First Dynasty)

**Burial :** Chambers B10, B15 and B19, Necrópole de Umm el-Qaab, Abydos (Egito)

**a. Different Names of Naram-Sin :**

Abatu / Abha-Yada / Anjana / Ansu-Mat / Karam-Ba / Kenkenis or Khent / Mar / Mar-Nera / Marru / Maru-Ner / Nar / Naram / Naram Enzu / Naram Sin / Narama / Nar-Ama / Naram-Ba / Naram-Ba or -Enzu (K.) Neera / Narmar / Nera / Ner-Amma / Nerra-En or Enugge / Vaggmin and Vata-Yudha.

**b. Different Titles of Naram :**

Neera-En or Enugge = Naram Enzu / Son of Menes i.e. Manis-Tusu / Nir and Ama-Nera.

**c. Countries ruled by Narmar :**

Pharaoh of Egypt, Magan, Syria, Asia Minor, Uri, Kish, Agadu, Anshan (Persia), Mediterranean Lands along with Atlantic Coast, Amorite Land i.e. Syria-Phoenicia / Amurru Land maybe related to old Hittite City of Tyana in S. Cappadocia which was within Amorite Land, Magan or the Sinai Peninsula, Syria, Tianu (Tidnu or Tidanu) which is Asia Minor or Amorite Land i.e. Syria-Phoenicia, in One of the definations Amurru Land i.e. Land of Amorites including Palestine.

**d. Narmars Attendent Name :**

E, Kha-du or Khal-du.

**e. One of Narmars Captive Name :**

King of Magan named Mannu(?) -Dan or Ma-nun-dan.

**3. Djer :**

**Father :** Narmar

**Son :** Dudu / Den, Bahubida / Bag-gid / Bag-gid-gi-ru and Dirghabahu

**Reign of Djer :** 41 years, c. 3000 BC (middle of the 1st Dynasty)

**Burial :** Tomb O, Necrópole de Umm el-Qaab, Abydos (Egito)

**a. Different Names of Djer :**

Shar-Guni / Dilip / Khatvanga

**4. Dudu / Den :**

**Father :** Djer

**Son :** Bahubida and Shudur-kib / Shudurul / Qa'a

**Reign of Dudu / Den :** 14 to 20.1 years or 42 years, starting c. 2970 BC (First Dynasty)

**Burial :** Tomb T, Necrópole de Umm el-Qaab, Abydos (Egito)

**5. Semerkhet :**

**Father :** Bahubida

**Reign of Semerkhet :** 8½ years, ca. 2920 BC, starting c. 2920 BC (First Dynasty)

**Burial :** Tomb U, Necrópole de Umm el-Qaab, Abydos (Egito)

**6. Qa'a / Shudur-kib / Shudurul :**

**Father :** Dudu / Den

**Reign of Qa'a / Shudur-kib / Shudurul :** 33 years, ca. 2910 BC (First Dynasty)

**Burial :** Tomb Q, Necrópole de Umm el-Qaab, Abydos (Egito)